



MULTI LINGUIS

LEARNER'S DICTIONARY

ENGLISH



GERMAN

**ARRANGED BY PARTS OF SPEECH
AND THEN BY THEMES**

**ELEMENTARY - UPPER-INTERMEDIATE
LEVELS**

up to 12'000 lemmas in 300 themes

English-German

Learner's Dictionary

Arranged by Parts of Speech and Then by Themes
Elementary - Upper-Intermediate Levels

by Multi Linguis

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English-German Learner's Dictionary (Arranged by Parts of Speech and Then by Themes, Elementary - Upper-Intermediate Levels)
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GREETINGS

Multi Linguis presents you a frequency-thematic dictionary of the German language.

It includes up to 12'000 essential lemmas belonging to the levels from Elementary to Upper-Intermediate. The entries are divided into 300 vocabulary themes as well as 8 importance levels. They are arranged by parts of speech and then by themes, not by the alphabet.

The book is intended to help you revise your vocabulary of this language considering the roles of lemmas, but can also be applied for translating or entertaining. You may use it separately or as an additional tool for any suited educational course.

The Multi Linguis Project is based on the Wiktionary corpus and created by one person. The database of the Learner's Dictionaries includes 12'000 lemmas (words, phrases and morphemes), their translations into many languages as well as transcriptions, transliterations and grammar information.

All these lemmas are divided into 8 importance levels of 1'500 entries each (corresponding to the CEFR levels A1 - B2) and also into 300 vocabulary themes grouped in 30 super themes. They can be arranged by themes, levels or parts of speech, but never by the alphabet.

Different types of dictionaries are offered for the same language. They are designed in an original way to be convenient and efficient. All of them are available in .epub, .mobi, .pdf and paperback formats.

Multi Linguis is presently able to publish such books for more than 80 languages. It is planned to improve them and increase their number.

Note:

Because of the source, up to 3% of translations into the dictionary may be improper. Some expected entries have no translation so they were omitted.

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ENGLISH-GERMAN. POS-THEME-ARRANGED LEARNER'S DICTIONARY, LEVELS A1-B2***** NOUNS ********* SPACE BODIES, WEATHER, GEOGRAPHICAL OBJECTS, BUILDINGS [01] ******* SPACE BODIES, SKY [001] ***

space N · A1	Weltraum <m>	[ˈvɛltʁaʊm]
universe N · A1	Universum <n>	[uniˈvɛrʒʊm]
cosmos N · B1	Kosmos <m>	.
solar wind N · B1	Sonnenwind <m>	[ˈzɔnənˌvɪnt]
heavenly body N · B2	Himmelskörper <m>	[ˈhɪm s kœʁpɐ]
stellar wind N · B2 --	Sternwind <m>	[ˈʃtɛʁnvɪnt]
Hubble constant N · B2 -----	Hubble-Konstante <f>	.
star N · A1 · (any luminous body)	Stern <m>	[ˈʃtɛʁn]
black hole N · A2	schwarzes Loch <n>	[ˈʃvɛʁtʃəs lɔx]
constellation N · A2	Sternbild <n>	[ˈʃtɛʁnbɪlt]
galaxy N · A2	Galaxie <f>	[ɡalaˈksi:]
sun N · B1 · (of any solar system)	Sonne <f>	[ˈzɔnə]
nebula N · B1	Nebel <m>	[ˈne:b]
supernova N · B2	Supernova <f>	.
solar system N · B2 · (any) -----	Sonnensystem <n>	.
planet N · A1 · (of seven major)	Planet <m>	[ˈplɑːnɛ:t]
asteroid N · A2	Asteroid <m>	.
comet N · A2	Komet <m>	[koˈmɛ:t]

meteorite N · A2	Meteorit <m>	[meteo'ʔi:t]
crater N · B1	Krater <m>	.
planet N · B1 · (any)	Planet <m>	[pla'ne:t]
lithosphere N · B1	Lithosphäre <f>	.
moon N · B1 · (any natural)	Mond <m>	[mo:nt]
dwarf planet N · B2 -----	Zwergplanet <m>	[ˈtsvɛkpla,ne:t]
north pole N · B2 · (of any celestial body)	Nordpol <m>	[ˈnɔʔt,pɔ:l]
south pole N · B2 · (of the Earth)	Südpol <m>	[zy:t,pɔ:l]
latitude N · B2 · (distance from equator)	Breite <f>	[ˈbrɛi̯tə]
longitude N · B2	Länge <f>	[ˈlɛŋə]
equator N · B1 --	Äquator <m>	.
North Pole N · B2 · (of the Earth)	Nordpol <m>	[ˈnɔʔt,pɔ:l]
South Pole N · B2 · (of any celestial body) -----	Südpol <m>	[zy:t,pɔ:l]
sun N · A1 · (of our solar system)	(die) Sonne <f>	[ˈzɔnə]
moon N · A2 · (natural of Earth)	Mond <m>	[mo:nt]
zodiac N · B1	Zodiac <m>	.
Earthling N · B2	Erdling <m>	.
morning star N · B2 --	Morgenstern <m>	[ˈmɔʁŋstɛʁn]
Earth N · A1	Erde <f>	[ˈɛ:ʁdə]

Sun N · A1 · (proper name)	Sonne <f>	[ˈzʊnə]
Moon N · A1 · (proper name)	Mond <m>	[moːnt]
Mercury N · A2	Merkur <m>	[mɛɪˈkuːɹ]
Venus N · A2	Venus <f>	[ˈveːnʊs]
Mars N · A2	Mars <m>	[ˈmaɪs]
Jupiter N · A2	Jupiter <m>	[ˈjuːpɪtɚ]
Saturn N · A2	Saturn <m>	[zaˈtʊɪn]
Uranus N · A2	Uranus <m>	[ˈuːɾanus]
Neptune N · A2	Neptun <m>	[nɛpˈtuːn]
Pluto N · A2	Pluto <m>	[ˈpluːtoː]
Milky Way N · A2	Milchstraße <f>	[ˈmɪlçˌʃtʁaːsə]
Solar System N · A2 · (around the Sun)	Sonnensystem <n>	.
Sirius N · B1	Sirius <m>	.
Polaris N · B1	Polarstern	[poˈlaːɹˌʃtɛɪn]
Ursa Major N · B2 -----	Großer Bär <m>	[ˈɡʁoːsə ˌbɛːɹ]
new moon N · B2	Neumond <m>	[ˈnɔɪ̯moːnt]
full moon N · B2	Vollmond <m>	.
creseent N · B2 -----	Mondsichel <m>	[ˈmoːntˌʒɪçl̩]
aphelion N · B2	Aphel <n>	.
perihelion N · B2	Perihel <n>	[pɛɪˈheːl]

solstice N · B2	Sonnenwende <f>	[ˌzɔnənˌvɛndə]
equinox N · B2	Äquinoktium <n>	[ɛkviˈnɔkt͡sɪ̯ʊm]
solar eclipse N · B2	Sonnenfinsternis <f>	[ˌzɔnənˌfɪnstɛnɪs]
lunar eclipse N · B2	Mondfinsternis <f>	[ˌmoːnt͡ʃɪnstɛnɪs]
zenith N · B2	Zenit <m>	[ˈt͡sɛˈniːt]
nadir N · B2	Nadir <m>	.
winter solstice N · B1	Wintersonnenwende <f>	[ˌvɪntɐˌzɔnənˌvɛndə]
eclipse N · B1	Finsternis <f>	[ˈfɪnstɛnɪs]
apogee N · B2	Apogäum <n>	[apoˈɡɛːʊm]
ecliptic N · B2 -----	Ekliptik <f>	.
stratosphere N · B2	Stratosphäre <f>	[ˈʃtʁatoˈsfɛːʁə]
thermosphere N · B2	Thermosphäre <f>	[tɛʁmoˈsfɛːʁə \ -ˈsfɛːʁə] (standard, used naturally in Western Germany and Switzerland \ overall more common, particularly Northern and Eastern regions)
exosphere N · B2	Exosphäre <f>	[ɛksoˈsfɛːʁə \ -ˈsfɛːʁə] (standard, used naturally in Western Germany and Switzerland \ overall more common, particularly Northern and Eastern regions)
atmosphere N · A2	Atmosphäre <f>	[ˈʔatmoˈsfɛːʁə]
ionosphere N · B2 -----	Ionosphäre <f>	.
sky N · A1 · (above this point)	Himmel <m>	[ˈhɪm]
heaven N · B1	Himmel <m>	[ˈhɪm]

*** ADJECTIVES ***

** SPACE BODIES, WEATHER, GEOGRAPHICAL OBJECTS, BUILDINGS [01] **

* SPACE BODIES, SKY [001] *

cosmic ADJ · B2 -----	kosmisch	·
solar ADJ · B2 -----	solar	[zo'la:ɐ]
planetary ADJ · B2 -----	planetar	·
Martian ADJ · A1	marsianisch	·
	Mars-	·

* CLIMATE, WEATHER [002] *

tropical ADJ · B2 -----	tropisch	·
hot ADJ · A2 -----	heiß	[haɪ̯s]
sunny ADJ · A1	sonnig	['zʊnɪç]
clear ADJ · A2	klar	[kla:(ɐ)]
beautiful ADJ · B2	heiter	['hɛɪ̯tɐ]
fine ADJ · B2 -----	herrlich	['hɛʁlɪç]
cloudy ADJ · A1	bewölkt	[bə'vœlkt]
foggy ADJ · B2 -----	neblig	['ne:blɪç]
rainy ADJ · B2 -----	regnerisch	['re:gnɐrɪʃ]
windy ADJ · B2	windig	['vɪndɪç]
stormy ADJ · B2 -----	stürmisch	['ʃtʏʁmɪʃ]
calm ADJ · B2	windstill	['vɪntʃtɪl]

*** LOWLANDS, ELEVATIONS, PITS [005] ***

mountainous ADJ · A2	bergig	[ˈbɛʁɡɪç]
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*** GEOGRAPHY, REGIONS, LAND AREAS [006] ***

geographic ADJ · A2	geografisch	[ˌɡeoˈɡʁaːfɪʃ]
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global ADJ · B1	global	·
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worldwide ADJ · B2	weltweit	[ˈvɛltvaɪt]
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----- landlocked ADJ · B2	von Land umgeben	·
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----- west ADJ · B2	westlich	[ˈvɛstlɪç]
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European ADJ · B1	europäisch	[ɔχʁoˈpeːɪ \ -'peːɪ] (standard, used naturally in Western Germany and Switzerland \ overall more common, particularly Northern and Eastern regions)
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Asian ADJ · B1	asiatisch	[aˈziːaːtɪ]
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African ADJ · B1	afrikanisch	·
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American ADJ · B1	amerikanisch	·
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tropical ADJ · B2	tropisch	·
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*** SETTLEMENTS [008] ***

urban ADJ · B2	städtisch	[ˈʃtɛːtɪʃ]
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Stadt-	·
--------	---

country ADJ · B2	ländlich	·
----------------------------	----------	---

Land-	·
-------	---

rural ADJ · B1	ländlich	·
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**** FURNITURE, DISHES, TECHNICS, TRANSPORT, CLOTHES [02] ****
*** TECHNICS IN GENERAL, ELECTRICS, ENGINES [020] ***

technical ADJ · B1 -----	technisch	[ˈtɛçnɪʃ]
analog ADJ · B1	analog	[anaˈlo:k]
digital ADJ · B1 · (using discrete values)	digital	[digiˈta:l]
manual ADJ · B1	manuell	[maˈnuɐl]
automatic ADJ · B1	automatisch	.
electric ADJ · B1	elektrisch	.
magnetic ADJ · B1	magnetisch	[maˈgne:tɪʃ]
electronic ADJ · B1	elektronisch	[elekˈtro:nɪʃ]
wireless ADJ · B2 -----	drahtlos	.
on ADJ · B2	an	[ʔan]

*** SOFTWARE, USING A COMPUTER, FILES [026] ***

free ADJ · B2 -----	frei	[fraɪ]
interactive ADJ · B2	interaktiv	.

*** INTERNET [027] ***

online ADJ · B2 · (to Internet)	online	[ˈɔnlaɪn]
online ADJ · B2 · (to any network)	online	[ˈɔnlaɪn]

*** VEHICLES IN GENERAL, CARS, CARTS [028] ***

flat ADJ · B2	platt	[plat]
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*** CLOTHES, SHOES, SEWING [033] ***

elegant
ADJ · B2

elegant

[ele'gant]

*** WEARING CLOTHES [034] ***

naked
ADJ · A2

nackt

[nakt]

barefoot
ADJ · A2

barfuß

['ba:ɣfu:s]

nude
ADJ · A2

nackt

[nakt]

bare
ADJ · B2

bar

.

***** VERBS *****

**** SPACE BODIES, WEATHER, GEOGRAPHICAL OBJECTS, BUILDINGS [01] ****

*** SPACE BODIES, SKY [001] ***

rise aufgehen [ˈʔaʊfge:ən]
V · B1

set untergehen [ˈʔʊntɐge:ən]
V · B1

*** CLIMATE, WEATHER [002] ***

be sein [zaɪn]
V · B1

freeze frieren [ˈfri:rən]
V · B2

rain regnen [ˈbɛ:gnən \ ˈbɛ:knən] (prescriptive
V · A2 standard \ most common)

snow schneien [ˈʃnaɪən]
V · A2

*** ACCOMMODATING, RESETTLING, HOTELS [015] ***

live wohnen [ˈvo:nən]
V · B1

move umziehen [ˈʔʊmtsi:ən]
V · A2

immigrate einwandern [ˈʔaɪnvandən]
V · B1

**** FURNITURE, DISHES, TECHNICS, TRANSPORT, CLOTHES [02] ****
*** TECHNICS IN GENERAL, ELECTRICS, ENGINES [020] ***

switch on V · B2	anschalten	[ʔanʃaltŋ]
switch off V · B2	abschalten	[ʔapʃaltŋ]
turn on V · A2	einschalten	[ʔaɪŋʃaltŋ]
turn off V · A2	ausschalten	[ʔaʊsʃaltŋ]
connect V · B1	anschließen	[ʔanʃli:sŋ]
enable V · B1	aktivieren	[akti'vi:rən]
install V · B1	installieren	[ɪnstali:'bən]
click V · B2	klicken	.
zero V · B2	nullen	.
drive V · B2 -----	antreiben	[ʔantʀaɪbŋ]
earth V · B2	erden	.

*** TV SETS, AUDIO TECHNICS, MEDIA [023] ***

broadcast V · B2 -----	senden	[zɛndən]
record V · A2	eintragen	[aɪŋ'tʁa:gən]

*** CAMERAS, OPTICS, PHONES [024] ***

record V · B1	aufzeichnen	[ʔaʊf'tsaɪçnən]
play V · B1	abspielen	[ʔap'pi:lŋ]
photograph V · A1	fotografieren	.
film V · B1	filmen	[fɪlmən]

develop V · B2 -----	entwickeln	[ʔɛnt'vɪk ŋ]
text V · B2	simsen	['zɪmzŋ]
fax V · B2	faxen	['faksŋ]
call back V · B2	zurückrufen	.
* COMPUTERS [025] *		
scan V · A2	scannen	['skɛnən]
* SOFTWARE, USING A COMPUTER, FILES [026] *		
click V · A2 · (<intr>)	klicken	.
click V · A2 · (<tr>)	klicken	.
enter V · A2	eingeben	['ʔaɪŋge:bŋ]
format V · B2 -----	formatieren	['fɔɪma'ti:kən]
program V · B1 -----	programmieren	['prɔgrɑ'mi:rən]
download V · A2	herunterladen	[hɛ'rʊntɛ,lɑ:dən]
upload V · A2	hochladen	['hɔ:xlɑ:dŋ]
save V · A2	speichern	['ʃpaɪçən]
archive V · B2	archivieren	.
write V · B2	brennen <tr>	['brɛnən]
burn V · B2	brennen	['brɛnən]
* INTERNET [027] *		
google V · B2	googeln	['gu:gəlŋ]

surf V · B2 -----	surfen	[ˈsɔɐ̯ʃfŋ]
log in V · B2	sich anmelden	·
log out V · B2 -----	ausloggen	·
post V · B2 -----	posten	[ˈpoːstŋ]
email V · B2 · (to send message <intr>)	mailen	·
email V · B2 · (to send message <tr>)	mailen	·
email V · B2 · (to send via)	mailen	·
* DRIVING, TRAFFIC [030] *		
park V · A2	parken	[ˈpaʊkən]
drive V · B1 · (to operate car)	fahren	[ˈfaːʁən]
brake V · B2	bremsen	[ˈbrɛmzən]
drive V · B2 · (to travel by operating)	fahren	[ˈfaːʁən]
steer V · B2 -----	steuern	[ˈʃtɛʏən]
ride V · A1	reiten (horse)	[ˈʁaɪtən]
	fahren (bicycle)	[ˈfaːʁən]
cycle V · B2 -----	Rad fahren	[ˈʁaːtfaːʁən]
sail V · B1	segeln	[ˈzeːɡlŋ]
row V · B2	rudern	[ˈʁuːdɐn]

*** PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION, PASSENGERS, CREW [031] ***

get on V · B2	einsteigen	[ˈʔaɪnftaɪɡŋ]
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*** IPA HELP ***

** SYMBOLS **

[m] voiced bilabial nasal · him	[pf] voiceless labiodental non-silibant affricate · Pfirsiche (German)	[h] voiceless glottal non-silibant fricative · high
[n] voiced alveolar nasal · nice	[s] voiceless alveolar silibant fricative · sit	[j] voiced palatal approximant · you
[ŋ] voiced velar nasal · sing	[z] voiced alveolar silibant fricative · zoo	[l] voiced alveolar lateral approximant · leaf
[p] voiceless bilabial stop · pack	[ʃ] voiceless postalveolar silibant fricative · shoe	[w] voiceless labiovelar approximant · weep
[b] voiced bilabial stop · aback	[ʒ] voiced postalveolar silibant fricative · vision	[i] close front unrounded vowel · free (RP)
[t] voiceless alveolar stop · pot	[f] voiceless labiodental non-silibant fricative · fill	[y] close front rounded vowel · über (German)
[d] voiced alveolar stop · dash	[v] voiced labiodental non-silibant fricative · valve	[u] close back rounded vowel · curable (Spanish)
[k] voiceless velar stop · kiss	[ç] voiceless palatal non-silibant fricative · hue (AuE)	[ʊ] near-close back rounded vowel · hook (GA)
[g] voiced velar stop · gaggle	[x] voiceless velar non-silibant fricative · Buch (German)	[e] close-mid front unrounded vowel · may (GA)
[ts] voiceless alveolar silibant affricate · cica (Hungarian)	[ʁ] voiced uvular non-silibant fricative · rester (French)	[ø] close-mid front rounded vowel · schön (German)
[tʃ] voiceless postalveolar silibant affricate · church		[o] close-mid back rounded vowel · yawn (AuE)
[dʒ] voiced postalveolar silibant affricate · jump		

ABOUT THE LANGUAGE

*** ON THE WIKIPEDIA ***

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/German_language
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Outline_of_German_language
(about German language continuum)
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Standard_German
(about [deu])

Also see the explanatory links below

*** NAME(S), CODES, TYPE *** ** NAME(S) **

- (base) name: German
- endonym: Deutsch
- pronunciation: [dɔʏtʃ]

The proper language link(s) (may be invalid):

<https://en.wiktionary.org/wiki/German#English>

** CODES **

- code ISO 639-3: deu
- code ISO 639-1: de

Also see the explanatory links below

** TYPE, STATUS **

- type: individual language
- status: living

Also see the explanatory links below

*** SPEAKERS, ETHNIC GROUP(S), REGION(S), APPLICATION *** ** SPEAKERS **

- L1: ~76'000'000
- L1+L2: ~132'000'000

** ETHNIC GROUP(S) **

Germans, Austrians, South Tyroleans, Swiss people, Liechtensteiners, Luxembourgers

The proper language link(s) (may be invalid):

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Germans>
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Austrians>
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/South_Tyroleans
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Swiss_people
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Liechtensteiners>
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Luxembourgers>

Also see the explanatory links below

ABOUT THE MULTI LINGUIS PROJECT

*** ABOUT THE PROJECT AND OFFERED DICTIONARIES IN GENERAL ***

Multi Linguis is an independent indie project. All work on downloading and processing sources, as well as creating books and the website, was carried out by the forces of one person - the author of the project. Although there are other dictionaries of this type, many of the ideas underlying the project are original.

The Multi Linguis Project is based on the corpus of the English version of Wiktionary as well as linguistic articles of Wikipedia and is licensed under the open license Creative Commons CC BY-SA 3.0.

The project offers dictionaries for more than 260 languages and various language groups. These books can be bilingual or multilingual, with translations from the English language into foreign ones.

The Multi Linguis Dictionaries are intended to help you study, overview or compare many languages, as well as revise your vocabulary. They can be applied separately or as additional tools for any suited educational courses. You may also use them for spelling simple broken phrases, translating and just for fun.

A database of the project includes 12'000 lemmas (that is, morphemes, words and phrases with a specific meaning). This corresponds to levels A1-B2 by the CEFR (Common European Framework of Reference), or Beginner - Upper-Intermediate by other language learning systems, taking into account features of Wiktionary as a source. This number covers approximately 100 percent of self-sufficient vocabulary and 85 percent of all word use.

Except usual alphabetical, the Multi Linguis Dictionaries can be frequency-thematic. This means that entries in these books can be arranged by levels, themes or parts of speech, but never alphabetically. When you use them, you will study often used lemmas previously than rarely used ones, and thematically related groups in unity, rather than separately. In addition, this approach speeds up the process of learning languages, promotes memorization and develops associativity, flexibility and rapidity of lingual thinking.

Several different types and kinds of dictionaries are offered for the same language. They differ in the number of included lemmas, varieties of the arrangement, the completeness of contained information, external and internal design. To achieve particular purposes, using one option is more effective and convenient than the others.

For all dictionaries of the same type, a universal division into levels, themes and parts of speech is applied. This means that books of the same type, but different in language have completely equal structure. This approach promotes studying of the second and subsequent foreign languages, as well as comparing them.

The Multi Linguis Dictionaries are available in .epub, .mobi, .pdf and paperback formats. This means that you may use them on any device. The .pdf version may be printed on paper in a size convenient for you - for example, in the form of a book A4 or brochure A5.

Because these books are not flawless, they are allowed for editing. In the .pdf version or its printed copy, you may correct the provided entries and add in omitted ones - with the help of writing supplies or special software.

In addition to the dictionaries themselves, the Multi Linguis Project includes its own website, as well as pages on Facebook and Twitter. We invite you to register there.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Multi Linguis appreciate you for purchasing a book "English-German Learner's Dictionary (Arranged by Parts of Speech and Then by Themes, Elementary - Upper-Intermediate Levels)" and hope you find it useful for language learning.

You may also be interested in the following books:

- *English-German Learner's Dictionary (Arranged by Themes, Elementary - Upper-Intermediate Levels)*
- *German Language Ordinary Dictionary (Arranged by Alphabet, Elementary - Upper-Intermediate Levels)*

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