



MULTI LINGUIS

LEARNER'S DICTIONARY

ENGLISH



LATIN

ARRANGED BY THEMES

**ELEMENTARY - PRE-INTERMEDIATE
LEVELS**

up to 3'000 lemmas in 300 themes

English-Latin

Learner's Dictionary
Arranged by Themes
Elementary - Pre-Intermediate Levels

by Multi Linguis

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English-Latin Learner's Dictionary (Arranged by Themes, Elementary - Pre-Intermediate Levels)
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GREETINGS

Multi Linguis presents you a frequency-thematic dictionary of the Latin language.

It includes up to 3'000 essential lemmas belonging to the levels from Elementary to Pre-Intermediate. The entries are divided into 300 vocabulary themes as well as 2 importance levels. They are arranged by themes, not by the alphabet.

The book is intended to help you learn this language or revise your vocabulary in a thematic way, but can also be applied for translating or entertaining. You may use it separately or as an additional tool for any suited educational course.

The Multi Linguis Project is based on the Wiktionary corpus and created by one person. The database of the Learner's Dictionaries includes 12'000 lemmas (words, phrases and morphemes), their translations into many languages as well as transcriptions, transliterations and grammar information.

All these lemmas are divided into 8 importance levels of 1'500 entries each (corresponding to the CEFR levels A1 - B2) and also into 300 vocabulary themes grouped in 30 super themes. They can be arranged by themes, levels or parts of speech, but never by the alphabet.

Different types of dictionaries are offered for the same language. They are designed in an original way to be convenient and efficient. All of them are available in .epub, .mobi, .pdf and paperback formats.

Multi Linguis is presently able to publish such books for more than 80 languages. It is planned to improve them and increase their number.

Note:

Because of the source, up to 3% of translations into the dictionary may be improper. Some expected entries have no translation so they were omitted.

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ENGLISH-LATIN. THEME-ARRANGED LEARNER'S DICTIONARY, LEVELS A1-A2***** SPACE BODIES, WEATHER, GEOGRAPHICAL OBJECTS, BUILDINGS [01] ***
** SPACE BODIES, SKY [001] ****

space N · A1	spatium <n>	[ˈspati.ʊm]
universe N · A1 -----	ūniversum <n>	.
star N · A1 · (any luminous body)	stēlla <f>	[ˈste:l.la]
black hole N · A2	foramen nigrum <n>	.
constellation N · A2	sidus <n>	[ˈsi:d.ʊs]
galaxy N · A2 -----	galaxias <m>	[gaˈlaksia:s]
planet N · A1 · (of seven major)	planēta <m>	[plaˈne.ta]
comet N · A2 -----	comētēs <m>	[koˈme:te:s]
sun N · A1 · (of our solar system)	sōl <m>	[so:l]
moon N · A2 · (natural of Earth) --	lūna <f>	[ˈlu:na]
Earth N · A1	orbis <m>	[ˈorbis]
Moon N · A1 · (proper name)	luna <f>	[ˈlu:na]
Mercury N · A2	Mercurius <m>	[merˈkuri.ʊs]
Venus N · A2	Venus <f>	[ˈwen.ʊs]
Mars N · A2	Mārs <m>	[ma:rs]
Jupiter N · A2	Iuppiter	[ˈjʊp.ɪ.tɪr] (Ecclesiastical)
Uranus N · A2	Uranus <m>	[ˈu:ran.ʊs]
Neptune N · A2	Neptunus <m>	[nepˈtu:n.ʊs]

Pluto

N · A2

Pluto

.

Milky Way

N · A2

--

Via Lactea

<f>

[wia'laktea]

Martian

ADJ · A1

Mārtiānus

[ma:rti'a:nus]

sky

N · A1 · (above this point)

caelum

<n>

['kaɛlum]

horizon

N · A2

fīniens

<m>

[ho'rizzo:n]

rainbow

N · A2

pluvius arcus

<m>

[arkus]

**** CLIMATE, WEATHER [002] ****

climate N · A1	clima <n>	['kli:ma]
weather N · A1 -----	caelum <n>	['ka:ɛlum]
cold ADJ · A2 -----	algidus	['aldʒidus] (Ecclesiastical)
sunny ADJ · A1	ap̄rīcus	[a'pri:kus]
clear ADJ · A2 -----	sūdus	['su:dus]
cloud N · A1	nūbēs <f>	['nu:be:s]
fog N · A1 --	cālīgō <f>	[ka:'li:go:]
cloudy ADJ · A1 -----	nūbilōsus	[nu:'bi'lo:sus]
rain N · A1 · (class of precipitation)	pluvia <f>	['plu:via]
snow N · A1 · (class of precipitation)	nix <f>	[niks] (Ecclesiastical)
dew N · A2 --	rōs <m>	[ro:s]
rain V · A2	pluit	['pluit]
snow V · A2 -----	ningit	['nindʒit] (Ecclesiastical)
lightning N · A1	fulgur <n>	['fulgur] (Ecclesiastical)
thunder N · A1 -----	tonus <m>	['tonus]
storm N · A1 · (state of weather)	tempestās <f>	[tem'pesta:s]
hurricane N · A2	huracanum <n>	.
typhoon N · A2	typhonas	.

**** DISASTERS, ACCIDENTS [003] ****

flood

N · A1

dīlviēs

<f>

[di:'luɣium]

earthquake

N · A2

terrae mōtus

<m>

.

*** **BODY, SEX, HEALTH, APPEARANCE [04]** ***

** **BODY, PARTS OF BODY, CORPSE [051]** **

body N · A1 · (structure) -----	corpus <n>	['kɔrpʊs]
chest N · A2	pectus <m>	['pektʊs] (Ecclesiastical)
abdomen N · A2	abdōmen <n>	[ab'do:men]
back N · A2	dorsum <n>	['dɔrsʊm]
stomach N · A1	alvus <m>	['alvʊs]
belly N · A2	abdomen	[ab'do:men]
breast N · A2 · (female organ)	mamma <f>	['mamma]
buttock N · A2	natis	['natis]
navel N · A2	umbilicus <m>	[umbi'li:kʊs]
nipple N · A2 -----	papilla <f>	[pa'pilla]
head N · A1	caput <n>	['kapʊt]
neck N · A1	collum <n>	['kollʊm]
throat N · A1 -----	guttur <m>	['guttur]
thigh N · A2	femur <n>	['femʊr]
knee N · A2	genu	['genu:]
ankle N · A2	tālus <m>	['ta:lʊs]
leg N · A1	crūs <n>	['kru:s]
foot N · A1	pēs <m>	['pe:s]
heel N · A2	calx <f>	[kalks] (Ecclesiastical)

toe N · A2 -----	digitus <m>	[digitus]
arm N · A1	bracchium <n>	[brakkhium]
hand N · A1	manus <f>	[manus]
finger N · A1	digitus <m>	[digitus]
shoulder N · A1	umerus	[umerus]
armpit N · A2	āxilla <f>	[a:la]
 fingernail N · A2	unguis <m>	[ungwis]
fist N · A2	pugnus <m>	[pugnus]
nail N · A2	unguis	[ungwis]
palm N · A2 -----	palma <f>	[palma:]
body N · A2 · (corpse)	cadaver <n>	[ka'da:ʁer]
corpse N · A2	cadaver <n>	[ka'da:wer]

**** ORGANS OF BODY [052] ****

blood N · A1 -----	sanguis <m>	['sangwɪs]
artery N · A2	artēria <f>	[ar'te:ria]
vein N · A2	vēna <f>	['vɛ:na]
heart N · A1 -----	cor <n>	[kor]
skin N · A1	cutis <f>	['kutis]
fat N · A2 -----	adeps <m/f>	['adeps]
muscle N · A1 -----	torus <m>	['mu:skulus]
skeleton N · A2	ossium compages	.
skull N · A2	calvāria <f>	['kalv̥a]
bone N · A1	os <n>	[o:s]
bone marrow N · A2	medulla ossium <f>	.
cartilage N · A2	cartilāgō <f>	[karti'la:go:]
jaw N · A2	maxilla <f>	[mak'silla]
rib N · A2 -----	costa <f>	['kosta]
brain N · A1	cerebrum <n>	['kerebrum]
nerve N · A2 -----	nervus <m>	['nerwus]
mouth N · A1	ōs <n>	[o:s]
tongue N · A1	lingua <f>	['lingwɑ]
tooth N · A1	dēns <m>	[dens] (Ecclesiastical)

gum N · A2 -----	gingīva	[gin'gi:wa]
stomach N · A1	alvus <m>	['stomakhʊs]
anus N · A2	ānus <m>	['anu:s]
intestine N · A2 -----	lactes	['lakte:s]
lung N · A2 -----	pulmo <m>	['pulmo:]
kidney N · A2	rēn <m>	[re:n]
liver N · A2	iecur <n>	['jekur]
pancreas N · A2	pancreas <f>	.
spleen N · A2 -----	liēn <m>	['lie:n]
penis N · A2	penis <m>	['pe:nis]
testicle N · A2 --	testiculus <m>	.
phallic ADJ · A2 -----	phallicus	['phallikus]
clitoris N · A2	landīca <f>	['lan'di:ka]
vagina N · A2	vās muliebre <n>	[ʊa:s mul'iebre]
vulva N · A2	vāgīna <f>	['kunnus]
womb N · A2 -----	matrix <f>	['uterus]
cunt N · A2	cunnus <m>	['kunnus]
dick N · A2	verpa <f>	['werpa]

***** DOCUMENTS, JURISPRUDENCE, POLITICS, ARMY [10] *****

**** DOCUMENTS [115] ****

document N · A1 -----	scriptum <n>	[ˈskri:ptum]
signature N · A1 -----	subscriptiō <f>	[supˈskri:ptio:]
sign V · A2 · (to make official)	subscribō	[subˈskri:bo:]
sign V · A2 · (to write signature) -----	subscribō	[subˈskri:bo:]
contract N · A1 -----	foedus <n>	[ˈfoɛdus]
passport N · A1	sygraphus <m>	[ˈsygraphus]
driver's license N · A2 -----	diploma gubernationis <n>	.
will N · A1	testāmentum <n>	[ˈtestaːmentum]

**** LAWS, RIGHTS [116] ****

constitution

N · A1 · (system)

constitutio

<f>

[konsti'tutio:]

rule

N · A1

rēgula

<f>

[re:gula]

right

N · A1

iūs

<n>

[i:ʊs]

**** CRIMES, CRIMINALS, VICTIMS, SUICIDE [117] ****

crime N · A2 · (instance) -----	scelus <n>	[ˈskelus]
murder N · A1 · (act)	interfectiō <f>	.
rape N · A2	raptus <m>	[ˈraptus]
slavery N · A2	servitūdō <f>	[serwiˈtu:do:]
torture N · A2 --	cruciāmen <n>	[krukiˈa:men]
murder V · A1	occidere	.
rape V · A2 -----	stuprō	[ˈstupro:]
theft N · A2 --	furtum <n>	[ˈfu:rtum]
steal V · A1 -----	clepō	.
corruption N · A2	corruptio <f>	[korˈruptio:]
terrorism N · A2 -----	tromocratia <f>	.
criminal N · A1 -----	scelestus <m>	[ˈskelus]
killer N · A2	homicīda <m>	[homiˈki:da]
murderer N · A2 -----	homicīda <m/f>	[homiˈki:da]
thief N · A1	fūr <m/f>	[fu:r]
pirate N · A2 · (sea) -----	pirata <m>	[piˈra:ta]
brothel N · A2	lupānar <n>	[luˈpa:nar]
pimp N · A2	lēnō <m>	[ˈle:no:]
prostitute N · A2	spintria <m>	[ˈmeretri:ks]

terrorist

N · A2

terrorista

<m/f>

·

whore

N · A2

meretrix

<f>

[ˈmeretri:ks]

revenge

N · A2

--

vindicta

<f>

[vɪnˈdɪkta]

avenge

V · A1

vindicō

[ˈvɪndiko:]

suicide

N · A2 · (instance)

--

mors voluntāria

<f>

·

commit suicide

V · A2

mihi mortem conscisco

·

***** EMOTIONS [14] *****

**** EMOTIONS IN GENERAL, FACIAL EXPRESSIONS, LAUGHING, CRYING [163] ****

emotion N · A1 --	affectus <m>	[affektus]
feel V · A2 · (<intr>)	sentīre	.
feel V · A2 · (<tr>) -----	sentio	['sentsio] (Ecclesiastical)
laugh V · A1	rīdeō	['ri:deo:]
smile V · A1 -----	subrīdeō	[su'bri:deo:]
tear N · A1 --	lacrima <f>	['lakrima]
cry V · A1	fleō	['fle:re]
weep V · A1	fleō	['fleo:]

**** CALMNESS, FEAR, ANGER [164] ****

peace N · A2 · (state of mind) -----	pax <f>	[pa:ks]
peace N · A1 · (absence of violence) -----	pax <f>	[pa:ks]
worried ADJ · A2 --	anxius	[a:nksius]
worry V · A2 · (to be troubled) -----	sollicitor	.
fear N · A1 --	timor <m>	[paʊor]
afraid ADJ · A2 --	metuens	.
fear V · A1 -----	timeō	[timeo:]
monster N · A1 --	bēlua <f>	[monstrum]
terrible ADJ · A2 -----	terribilis	[ter'ribilis]
angry ADJ · A1 -----	īrātus	[i:'ra:tus]
provoke V · A2	laccessō	[pro:ʊoko:]

**** CONFIDENCE, DOUBT [165] ****

doubt

N · A2

--

doubt

V · A1

dubitas

<f>

dubitare

[dubi'ta:re]

**** PLEASURE, JOYNESS [166] ****

pleasure N · A2 --	iucunditas <f>	[uɔ'lupta:s]
enjoy V · A1	fruor	.
like V · A1 -----	amō	[amo:]
nice ADJ · A2 --	lepidus	[lepidus]
please V · A2 -----	iuvāre	.
happy ADJ · A2	laetus	[laɛtus]
glad ADJ · A1 -----	gāvīsus	.
joke N · A1 --	iocus <m>	[jokus]
funny ADJ · A1	rīdiculus	[ri:'dikulus]

***** SHAPE, DIMENSIONS, WEIGHT [22] *****
**** SHAPES, PARTS OF SHAPES, HOLES [226] ****

angle N · A1	angulus <m>	[ˈangulus]
center N · A1 · (of line)	centrum <n>	[ˈtʃɛntrʊm] (Ecclesiastical)
cross N · A1 -----	crux <f>	[ˈkruks] (Ecclesiastical)
shape N · A1 -----	forma	[ˈfo:rma]
corner N · A1 · (space between)	angulus <m>	[ˈangulus]
region N · A1 -----	plaga <f>	.
edge N · A2 · (boundary line) -----	margō <f>	[ˈmargo:]
end N · A2 -----	finis <m/f>	[ˈfi:nis]
center N · A1 · (of circle) -----	centrum <n>	[ˈtʃɛntrʊm] (Ecclesiastical)
middle N · A2 --	medium <n>	[ˈmedium]
central ADJ · A2 -----	medius	[ˈmedius]
hole N · A2 · (in surface) -----	cavum <n>	[ˈkaʊʊm]
circle N · A2 · (solid figure)	circulus <m>	[ˈkirkulus]
square N · A2	quadrum <n>	[ˈkwaːdra:tʊm]
triangle N · A2	triangulum <n>	[ˈtriːangulum]
circle N · A1 · (outline figure)	circulus <m>	[ˈkirkulus]
polygon N · A2	polygonum <n>	[ˈpolyːgo:nʊm]
rectangle N · A2 --	rectangulum	[ˈre:kˈtangulum]
round ADJ · A2 · (circular)	rotundus	[ˈroːtundus]

square

ADJ · A2

round

ADJ · A2 · (spherical)

form

V · A2

quadrātus

.

globōsus

[glo'bo:sus]

fōrmō

['fo:rmo:]

**** PROPERTIES OF SHAPES AND THEIR PARTS [227] ****

concave
ADJ · A2

concavus

[ˈkonkaʏus]

convex
ADJ · A2

convexus

[konˈʏeksus]

flat
ADJ · A1

plānus

[ˈpla:nus]

even
ADJ · A2

plānus

[ˈpla:nus]

**** SPECIFIC BODIES [228] ****

stick N · A1	baculum <n>	['bakulum]
board N · A2	tabula <f>	['tabula]
brick N · A2 -----	later <m>	['later]
sheet N · A2 · (paper) -----	folium <n>	['folium]
chain N · A1	catēna <f>	[ka'te:na]
string N · A1 · (twisted threads)	līnum <n>	['li:num]
ribbon N · A2	clipeum <f>	.
rope N · A2	fūnis <m>	['fu:nis]
thread N · A2 -----	filum	['fi:lum]
bubble N · A2	bullā <f>	['bullā] (Ecclesiastical)
hook N · A2	hāmus <m>	['ha:mus]

*** IPA HELP ***

** SYMBOLS **

[m] voiced bilabial nasal · him	[s] voiceless alveolar sibilant fricative · sit	[i] close front unrounded vowel · free (RP)
[n] voiced alveolar nasal · nice	[z] voiced alveolar sibilant fricative · zoo	[y] close front rounded vowel · über (German)
[ŋ] voiced velar nasal · sing	[f] voiceless labiodental non- sibilant fricative · fill	[u] close back rounded vowel · curable (Spanish)
[p] voiceless bilabial stop · pack	[h] voiceless glottal non-sibilant fricative · high	[ʊ] near-close back rounded vowel · hook (GA)
[b] voiced bilabial stop · back	[j] voiced palatal approximant · you	[e] close-mid front unrounded vowel · may (GA)
[t] voiceless alveolar stop · pot	[r] voiced alveolar trill · perro (Spanish)	[o] close-mid back rounded vowel · yawn (AuE)
[d] voiced alveolar stop · dash	[l] voiced alveolar lateral approximant · leaf	[ɛ] open-mid front unrounded vowel · bed (RP)
[k] voiceless velar stop · kiss	[w] voiceless labiovelar approximant · weep	[ɔ] open-mid back rounded vowel · thought (GA)
[g] voiced velar stop · gaggle	[ɮ] voiced alveolar-velar lateral approximant · feel (AuE)	[a] open front unrounded vowel · hat (RP)
[ɣ] voiced uvular stop · ghooch (Tlingit)		
[dz] voiced alveolar sibilant affricate · dotze (Catalan)		

** SUPRASEGMENTALS, MAJOR DIACRITICS AND TONES **

[h̥] aspirated	[w̥] labialized	[◌̚] secondary stress
[̥] voiceless	[◌̘] primary stress	[◌̄] long

ABOUT THE LANGUAGE

*** ON THE WIKIPEDIA ***

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Latin_language

Also see the explanatory links below

*** NAME(S), CODES, TYPE ***

** NAME(S) **

- (base) name: Latin
- endonym: lingua latīna
- pronunciation: [ˈlɪŋɡwə laˈtiːnə]

The proper language link(s) (may be invalid):

<https://en.wiktionary.org/wiki/Latin#English>

** CODES **

- code ISO 639-3: lat
- code ISO 639-1: la

Also see the explanatory links below

** TYPE, STATUS **

- type: individual language
- status: historic, liturgical

Also see the explanatory links below

*** SPEAKERS, ETHNIC GROUP(S), REGION(S), APPLICATION ***

** SPEAKERS **

- L1: 0 (liturgical)
- L1+L2: {?}

** ETHNIC GROUP(S) **

Latins

The proper language link(s) (may be invalid):

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Latins>

Also see the explanatory links below

** MAIN REGION(S) **

- native country(ies): Southwestern Europe: Italy, France, Portugal, Spain; Southeastern Europe: Croatia, Romania; Central Europe: Switzerland

The proper language link(s) (may be invalid):

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Latin_language#Geographic_Distribution

** OFFICIAL APPLICATION **

- region(s): Vatican
- important organization(s): Holy See

Also see the explanatory links below

ABOUT THE MULTI LINGUIS PROJECT

*** ABOUT THE PROJECT AND OFFERED DICTIONARIES IN GENERAL ***

Multi Linguis is an independent indie project. All work on downloading and processing sources, as well as creating books and the website, was carried out by the forces of one person - the author of the project. Although there are other dictionaries of this type, many of the ideas underlying the project are original.

The Multi Linguis Project is based on the corpus of the English version of Wiktionary as well as linguistic articles of Wikipedia and is licensed under the open license Creative Commons CC BY-SA 3.0.

The project offers dictionaries for more than 260 languages and various language groups. These books can be bilingual or multilingual, with translations from the English language into foreign ones.

The Multi Linguis Dictionaries are intended to help you study, overview or compare many languages, as well as revise your vocabulary. They can be applied separately or as additional tools for any suited educational courses. You may also use them for spelling simple broken phrases, translating and just for fun.

A database of the project includes 12'000 lemmas (that is, morphemes, words and phrases with a specific meaning). This corresponds to levels A1-B2 by the CEFR (Common European Framework of Reference), or Beginner - Upper-Intermediate by other language learning systems, taking into account features of Wiktionary as a source. This number covers approximately 100 percent of self-sufficient vocabulary and 85 percent of all word use.

Except usual alphabetical, the Multi Linguis Dictionaries can be frequency-thematic. This means that entries in these books can be arranged by levels, themes or parts of speech, but never alphabetically. When you use them, you will study often used lemmas previously than rarely used ones, and thematically related groups in unity, rather than separately. In addition, this approach speeds up the process of learning languages, promotes memorization and develops associativity, flexibility and rapidity of lingual thinking.

Several different types and kinds of dictionaries are offered for the same language. They differ in the number of included lemmas, varieties of the arrangement, the completeness of contained information, external and internal design. To achieve particular purposes, using one option is more effective and convenient than the others.

For all dictionaries of the same type, a universal division into levels, themes and parts of speech is applied. This means that books of the same type, but different in language have completely equal structure. This approach promotes studying of the second and subsequent foreign languages, as well as comparing them.

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